SECURITY CLEARANCE
Module 5
Upon completion of this course, you will be able to:

- Lists steps to getting clearance eligibility
- Explain how to receive and maintain a security clearance
- Review Standard Form 86
- Identify causes of rejections for clearance eligibility
This module will discuss SF86 Overview, Types of Information, Completing SF86, What are the most common reasons for rejection?, Incomplete Information on SF 86, Conflicting Information on SF 86, Rejections for SF86, Need for Security, Business Needs, Threats, Attacks, Legal, Ethical and Professional Issues.
What Is A Security Clearance?

- A determination made by the government that you are stable and trustworthy, and can be placed in a position of obligation with protecting the secrets of the nation.

- There are three levels of clearance:
  - Confidential
  - Secret
  - Top Secret
WHY WOULD YOU WANT A CLEARANCE?

- More Job Opportunities
- Usually the more interesting programs
- Career Advancement
- Positions with clearances can mean more $$
HOW DO YOU GET A CLEARANCE?

• Only the Government can issue a clearance
• The process can take from 45 days to 18 months after the paperwork is submitted depending on the level of clearance
• All clearances require an investigation that will range from a National Agency Check to a full background investigation
• Some clearances require polygraphs
THE CLEARANCE PROCESS

- Start
- End
- Submit SF86
- Review by Sponsoring Agency
- Investigation
- Polygraph (if required)
- Briefing
- Adjudication by Sponsoring Agency
SF86 Review
COMMON REASONS FOR AN INTERIM DECLINATION

- **Financial Considerations.**
  - For example, a history of not meeting financial obligations or an inability or unwillingness to satisfy debts.

- **Emotional, Mental and Personality Disorders.**
  - For example, information that suggests that an individual has a condition or treatment that may indicate a defect in judgment, reliability or stability.

- **Foreign Preference.**
  - For example, possession of a valid foreign passport.

- **Criminal Conduct.**
  - For example, felony arrests, multiple misdemeanor arrests or imprisonment for over one year.

- **Drug involvement.**
  - For example, recent drug use, illegal drug possession or drug dependence.
COMMON REASONS FOR AN INTERIM DECLINATION

• Start
• End
• Submit SF86
• Review by Sponsoring Agency
• Investigation
• Polygraph (if required)
• Briefing
• Adjudication by Sponsoring Agency
Questions
THANK YOU